Hygiene and health related properties of HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls

1.0 Introduction
This document covers properties that are relevant to hygiene and health of HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls. HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls are a new and unique product in the construction business. Therefore we have composed this document to provide answers to possible questions raised concerning health and hygiene issues.

1.1 Application/ intended use
HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls are designed as suspended ceilings or linings for interior applications and can be used in exposure classes A and B according Table 8 of EN 13964:2014. Normal environmental influences are limited to slight variations in temperature and humidity as common in an interior climate. Pollution degree: low (offices, hospitals) to medium (restaurants).

2.0 Test program
An extensive range of tests was conducted to establish properties like propensity for dust adhesion, staining, clean ability, susceptibility to the action of micro-organisms and fungal growth. In addition we have tested on possible emissions to indoor air and applied for a number of certification schemes.

2.1 Dust adhesion, in-house comparative test
To appraise the adhesion of dust and to establish a comparison with the adhesion properties of a well-known product like metal ceilings a continuous pollution test was run for a period of 2 years in 3 different environments:

- Office environment
- Traffic environment (corridor)
- Production environment

The reference was a set of perforated linear panels (Luxalon® 30BD) with open joints that were installed in a sealed box, side-by-side with HeartFelt® panels. With a ventilator, room air was sucked through the joints between the sample panels (air direction: face to back).

The appraisal was a visual comparison of the Luxalon® panels with the HeartFelt® panels and after 2 year exposure there was no dust/dirt adhesion visible on both products in any of the 3 environments.

2.2 Staining by chlorinated water (swimming pool water), ISO 105 E03:1994
The colourfastness for staining by chlorinated water was tested on a sample in the colour 7599 (anthracite). The material was exposed for 1 hour to a solution with 50mg of active chlorine per litre. The colourfastness was grade 5 on a numerical scale from 1-5 (where 1= bad and 5= good).
2.3 Propensity to fuzzing/ pilling, modified Martindale test ISO 12945-2:2000
Samples were exposed to rubbing in the Martindale test apparatus. The results after 125 turns were grade 3 (moderate fuzzing/ pilling) and after 7000 turns: grade 2-1 (distinct to dense fuzzing/ pilling) on a numerical scale of 5 (where 1= dense pilling and 5= no change).

2.4 Resistance to cold liquids/ clean ability, NEN EN 12720
A set of samples in 2 colours (7596 light grey and 7599 anthracite) was exposed to a range of standard pollution agents:
- Pollution 00501 standard carpet soil
- Pollution 00502 vacuum cleaner dust, sieved
- Pollution 00509-40 Leverkussen standard soil 40
After exposure all samples were cleaned with 3 agents:
- Rinse with lukewarm tap water
- Standard household cleaner: sprayed on, leave to soak for 60 seconds, cleaning and rinse with lukewarm tap water
- Solution of industrial cleaner (15ml dissolved in 1 litre lukewarm water), sprayed on, cleaning and rinse with lukewarm tap water
The appraisal is a colour comparison (grey scale) of the exposed and cleaned samples with a fresh sample (non-polluted and non-treated) and is a numerical rating from 1 (= strong change) to 5 (= no change). Depending on sample colour, pollution type and cleaning agent, the results range from 3 (moderate change) to 5 (no change).

2.5 Bacterial growth, ISO 22193-07
Samples were exposed to 2 common and standardised bacterial strains with the following results:
- Staphylococcus aureus DSM 346/ATCC 6538P: log reduction > 1.67 (bacterial growth)
- Escherichia coli DSM 1576/ATCC 8739: log reduction > 4 (no bacterial growth)

*Note: since the propensity for bacterial growth varies per bacteria strain it is recommended to discuss beforehand the strain(s) that is(are) relevant for the project and need to be subjected to testing.*

2.6 Fungal growth, ISO 846:1997
Samples were exposed to a mixed suspension of fungal spores and these could only use the test specimen as food (nutritive) source. The intensity of growth is appraised by visual inspection under a microscope and expressed in a numerical figure ranging from 0 (no growth apparent) to 5 (heavy growth, covering the whole sample surface).

The results for all samples were 0: no visual or microscopic fungal sporulation or growth observed.

2.7 Infographic
We have put all above results together in below infographic.
2.9 Emissions to indoor air, EN ISO 16000 series
HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls are tested on (VOC) emissions to indoor air with the following declarations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation or protocol</th>
<th>Conclusion</th>
<th>Version of regulation or protocol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>French VOC Regulation</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>Regulation of March and April 2011 (DEVL.1101903D and DEVL.1104575A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French CMR components</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Regulation of March and April 2011 (DEVL.1101903D and DEVL.1104575A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AgBB</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>AgBB of February 2015, DBt of October 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgian Regulation</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Royal decree of May 2015 (C-2014/24239)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoor Air Comfort®</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Indoor Air Comfort 5.3a of March 2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoor Air Comfort GOLD®</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>Indoor Air Comfort GOLD 5.3a of March 2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN 717-1-9</td>
<td>E1</td>
<td>2004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BREEAM International</td>
<td>Compliant</td>
<td>GN22: BREEAM Recognised Schemes for VOC Emissions from Building Products</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation or protocol</th>
<th>Conclusion</th>
<th>Version of regulation or protocol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>M1 Protocol of January 2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.0 Certification
We feel it is important to protect the environment and to make sure that the products we market are safe, sustainable and contribute to a circular economy. Therefore HeartFelt® is already certified for a number of schemes or certification has been applied for.
3.1 Cradle to Cradle™
HeartFelt® Ceiling and Wall system is C2C certified level Bronze.

http://www.c2ccertified.org/products/scorecard/ceiling-systems-hunter-douglas-europe-bv

3.2 Oeko-Tex® Standard 100
The STANDARD 100 by OEKO-TEX® is a worldwide consistent, independent testing and certification system for raw, semi-finished, and finished textile products at all processing levels, as well as accessory materials used.

HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls are Oekotex Standard 100 Product Class IV (decorative material and furnishing) certified.

3.3 GreenGuard
The GREENGUARD Certification Program (formerly known as GREENGUARD Indoor Air Quality Certification) gives assurance that products designed for use in indoor spaces meet strict chemical emissions limits, which contribute to the creation of healthier interiors.

HeartFelt® Ceiling and Wall is GreenGuard Gold certified for offices and offices/schools.

3.4 BAMB (Buildings As Material Banks) and Material Passports
HeartFelt® Ceilings and Walls is one of the products participating in the REM (Reversible Experience Modules) Exhibition. This travelling exhibition will take place starting 2018 and showcases new possibilities created for the build environment by combining material passports with reversible building design. The BAMB initiative is a cooperation of 16 partners from 8 European countries and is EU funded under the Horizon 2020 programme.

This document is also available as download from www.hunterdouglasarchitectural.eu.